

Adopted	Rejected
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COMMITTEE REPORT

YES:	11
NO:	2

MR. SPEAKER:

*Your Committee on Human Affairs, to which was referred House Bill 1287, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill **be amended** as follows:*

- 1 Page 3, line 7, after "retarded" insert ", **mentally ill**,".
- 2 Page 3, between lines 22 and 23, begin a new paragraph and
- 3 insert:
- 4 "SECTION 2. IC 27-8-5-19 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
- 5 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]: Sec. 19. (a) As used in this
- 6 chapter, "late enrollee" has the meaning set forth in 26 U.S.C.
- 7 9801(b)(3).
- 8 (b) A policy of group accident and sickness insurance may not be
- 9 issued to a group that has a legal situs in Indiana unless it contains in
- 10 substance:
- 11 (1) the provisions described in subsection (c); or
- 12 (2) provisions that, in the opinion of the commissioner, are:
- 13 (A) more favorable to the persons insured; or
- 14 (B) at least as favorable to the persons insured and more
- 15 favorable to the policyholder;
- 16 than the provisions set forth in subsection (c).

1 (c) The provisions referred to in subsection (b)(1) are as follows:

2 (1) A provision that the policyholder is entitled to a grace period
3 of thirty-one (31) days for the payment of any premium due
4 except the first, during which grace period the policy will
5 continue in force, unless the policyholder has given the insurer
6 written notice of discontinuance in advance of the date of
7 discontinuance and in accordance with the terms of the policy.
8 The policy may provide that the policyholder is liable to the
9 insurer for the payment of a pro rata premium for the time the
10 policy was in force during the grace period. A provision under
11 this subdivision may provide that the insurer is not obligated to
12 pay claims incurred during the grace period until the premium
13 due is received.

14 (2) A provision that the validity of the policy may not be
15 contested, except for nonpayment of premiums, after the policy
16 has been in force for two (2) years after its date of issue, and that
17 no statement made by a person covered under the policy relating
18 to the person's insurability may be used in contesting the validity
19 of the insurance with respect to which the statement was made,
20 unless:

21 (A) the insurance has not been in force for a period of two

22 (2) years or longer during the person's lifetime; or

23 (B) the statement is contained in a written instrument signed
24 by the insured person.

25 However, a provision under this subdivision may not preclude
26 the assertion at any time of defenses based upon a person's
27 ineligibility for coverage under the policy or based upon other
28 provisions in the policy.

29 (3) A provision that a copy of the application, if there is one, of
30 the policyholder must be attached to the policy when issued, that
31 all statements made by the policyholder or by the persons
32 insured are to be deemed representations and not warranties, and
33 that no statement made by any person insured may be used in
34 any contest unless a copy of the instrument containing the
35 statement is or has been furnished to the insured person or, in the
36 event of death or incapacity of the insured person, to the insured
37 person's beneficiary or personal representative.

38 (4) A provision setting forth the conditions, if any, under which

the insurer reserves the right to require a person eligible for insurance to furnish evidence of individual insurability satisfactory to the insurer as a condition to part or all of the person's coverage.

(5) A provision specifying any additional exclusions or limitations applicable under the policy with respect to a disease or physical condition of a person that existed before the effective date of the person's coverage under the policy and that is not otherwise excluded from the person's coverage by name or specific description effective on the date of the person's loss. An exclusion or limitation that must be specified in a provision under this subdivision:

(A) may apply only to a disease or physical condition for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was received by the person, or recommended to the person, during the six (6) months before the enrollment date of the person's coverage; and

(B) may not apply to a loss incurred or disability beginning after the earlier of:

(i) the end of a continuous period of twelve (12) months beginning on or after the enrollment date of the person's coverage; or

(ii) the end of a continuous period of eighteen (18) months beginning on the enrollment date of the person's coverage if the person is a late enrollee.

(6) If premiums or benefits under the policy vary according to a person's age, a provision specifying an equitable adjustment of:

(A) premiums;

(B) benefits; or

(C) both premiums and benefits;

to be made if the age of a covered person has been misstated. A provision under this subdivision must contain a clear statement of the method of adjustment to be used.

(7) A provision that the insurer will issue to the policyholder, for delivery to each person insured, a certificate setting forth a statement that:

(A) explains the insurance protection to which the person insured is entitled;

- 1 (B) indicates to whom the insurance benefits are payable;
2 and
3 (C) explains any family member's or dependent's coverage
4 under the policy.
- 5 (8) A provision stating that written notice of a claim must be
6 given to the insurer within twenty (20) days after the occurrence
7 or commencement of any loss covered by the policy, but that a
8 failure to give notice within the twenty (20) day period does not
9 invalidate or reduce any claim if it can be shown that it was not
10 reasonably possible to give notice within that period and that
11 notice was given as soon as was reasonably possible.
- 12 (9) A provision stating that:
- 13 (A) the insurer will furnish to the person making a claim, or
14 to the policyholder for delivery to the person making a
15 claim, forms usually furnished by the insurer for filing proof
16 of loss; and
17 (B) if the forms are not furnished within fifteen (15) days
18 after the insurer received notice of a claim, the person
19 making the claim will be deemed to have complied with the
20 requirements of the policy as to proof of loss upon
21 submitting, within the time fixed in the policy for filing
22 proof of loss, written proof covering the occurrence,
23 character, and extent of the loss for which the claim is
24 made.
- 25 (10) A provision stating that:
- 26 (A) in the case of a claim for loss of time for disability,
27 written proof of the loss must be furnished to the insurer
28 within ninety (90) days after the commencement of the
29 period for which the insurer is liable, and that subsequent
30 written proofs of the continuance of the disability must be
31 furnished to the insurer at reasonable intervals as may be
32 required by the insurer;
- 33 (B) in the case of a claim for any other loss, written proof of
34 the loss must be furnished to the insurer within ninety (90)
35 days after the date of the loss; and
36 (C) the failure to furnish proof within the time required
37 under clause (A) or (B) does not invalidate or reduce any
38 claim if it was not reasonably possible to furnish proof

1 within that time, and if proof is furnished as soon as
2 reasonably possible but (except in case of the absence of
3 legal capacity of the claimant) no later than one (1) year
4 from the time proof is otherwise required under the policy.

5 (11) A provision that:

6 (A) all benefits payable under the policy (other than
7 benefits for loss of time) will be paid within forty-five (45)
8 days after the insurer receives all information required to
9 determine liability under the terms of the policy; and

10 (B) subject to due proof of loss, all accrued benefits under
11 the policy for loss of time will be paid not less frequently
12 than monthly during the continuance of the period for which
13 the insurer is liable, and any balance remaining unpaid at
14 the termination of the period for which the insurer is liable
15 will be paid as soon as possible after receipt of the proof of
16 loss.

17 (12) A provision that benefits for loss of life of the person
18 insured are payable to the beneficiary designated by the person
19 insured. However, if the policy contains conditions pertaining to
20 family status, the beneficiary may be the family member
21 specified by the policy terms. In either case, payment of benefits
22 for loss of life is subject to the provisions of the policy if no
23 designated or specified beneficiary is living at the death of the
24 person insured. All other benefits of the policy are payable to the
25 person insured. The policy may also provide that if any benefit
26 is payable to the estate of a person, or to a person who is a minor
27 or otherwise not competent to give a valid release, the insurer
28 may pay the benefit, up to an amount of five thousand dollars
29 (\$5,000), to any relative by blood or connection by marriage of
30 the person who is deemed by the insurer to be equitably entitled
31 to the benefit.

32 (13) A provision that the insurer has the right and must be
33 allowed the opportunity to:

34 (A) examine the person of the individual for whom a claim
35 is made under the policy when and as often as the insurer
36 reasonably requires during the pendency of the claim; and

37 (B) conduct an autopsy in case of death if it is not
38 prohibited by law.

(14) A provision that no action at law or in equity may be brought to recover on the policy less than sixty (60) days after proof of loss is filed in accordance with the requirements of the policy, and that no action may be brought at all more than three (3) years after the expiration of the time within which proof of loss is required by the policy.

(15) In the case of a policy insuring debtors, a provision that the insurer will furnish to the policyholder, for delivery to each debtor insured under the policy, a certificate of insurance describing the coverage and specifying that the benefits payable will first be applied to reduce or extinguish the indebtedness.

(16) If the policy provides that hospital or medical expense coverage of a dependent child of a group member terminates upon the child's attainment of the limiting age for dependent children set forth in the policy, a provision that the child's attainment of the limiting age does not terminate the hospital and medical coverage of the child while the child is:

(A) incapable of self-sustaining employment because of mental retardation, **mental illness**, or a physical disability; and

(B) chiefly dependent upon the group member for support and maintenance.

A provision under this subdivision may require that proof of the child's incapacity and dependency be furnished to the insurer by the group member within one hundred twenty (120) days of the child's attainment of the limiting age and, subsequently, at reasonable intervals during the two (2) years following the child's attainment of the limiting age. The policy may not require proof more than once per year in the time more than two (2) years after the child's attainment of the limiting age. This subdivision does not require an insurer to provide coverage to a mentally retarded, **mentally ill**, or physically disabled child who does not satisfy the requirements of the group policy as to evidence of insurability or other requirements for coverage under the policy to take effect. In any case, the terms of the policy apply with regard to the coverage or exclusion from coverage of the child.

(17) A provision that complies with the group portability and

1 guaranteed renewability provisions of the federal Health
2 Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996
3 (P.L.104-191).

4 (d) Subsection (c)(5), (c)(7), and (c)(12) do not apply to policies
5 insuring the lives of debtors. The standard provisions required under
6 section 3(a) of this chapter for individual accident and sickness
7 insurance policies do not apply to group accident and sickness
8 insurance policies.

9 (e) If any policy provision required under subsection (c) is in
10 whole or in part inapplicable to or inconsistent with the coverage
11 provided by an insurer under a particular form of policy, the insurer,
12 with the approval of the commissioner, shall delete the provision from
13 the policy or modify the provision in such a manner as to make it
14 consistent with the coverage provided by the policy.".

15 Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.
 (Reference is to HB 1287 as introduced.)

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Representative Summers